

**1.—Summary Statistics of Manufactures of each Province classified by Industrial Group, 1961—concluded**

Province and Industrial Group	Estab-lish-ments	Em-ployees	Salaries and Wages	Cost at Plant of Materials Used	Value Added by Manufacture	Selling Value of Factory Shipments
	No.	No.	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Alberta—concluded</b>						
Primary metal.....	19	1,510	8,176,591	42,677,704	21,417,692	67,596,720
Metal fabricating (except machinery and transportation equipment).....	152	3,576	16,104,915	28,435,953	26,317,529	54,540,242
Machinery (except electrical).....	20	409	1,785,756	3,806,458	2,869,235	6,705,136
Transportation equipment.....	35	2,981	12,273,548	12,642,213	14,835,456	27,708,446
Electrical products.....	9	235	836,083	3,443,173	3,337,367	7,029,317
Non-metallic mineral products....	99	3,280	13,965,241	22,772,518	34,858,594	60,587,743
Petroleum and coal products.....	20	1,640	9,577,275	76,997,734	30,119,393	108,631,340
Chemicals and chemical products.	36	1,860	9,984,194	21,999,011	23,764,976	59,458,981
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries.....	91	904	3,443,043	5,766,171	9,014,172	14,355,659
<b>British Columbia.....</b>	<b>3,502</b>	<b>97,518</b>	<b>440,197,776</b>	<b>1,065,073,007</b>	<b>863,442,538</b>	<b>1,967,091,438</b>
Foods and beverages.....	649	15,444	60,381,457	257,938,658	141,355,254	399,776,809
Rubber.....	6	65	301,299	212,414	457,596	690,152
Leather.....	15	238	704,114	994,996	1,123,421	2,135,212
Textiles.....	38	730	2,521,494	4,586,359	4,028,565	8,646,301
Knitting mills.....	4	303	826,700	1,225,807	1,669,621	2,865,757
Clothing.....	51	1,500	4,171,698	6,424,425	6,159,267	12,712,908
Wood.....	1,199	35,808	152,843,267	327,293,170	218,161,562	556,103,060
Furniture and fixtures.....	225	1,926	7,127,832	10,988,574	11,118,351	22,260,088
Paper and allied industries.....	43	11,122	61,229,049	125,629,715	182,960,503	323,142,939
Printing, publishing and allied industries.....	306	4,732	22,875,638	14,392,050	40,917,812	55,819,360
Primary metal.....	41	6,641	35,373,558	108,034,239	66,500,898	177,725,907
Metal fabricating (except machinery and transportation equipment).....	326	4,959	23,354,551	39,819,137	42,033,863	83,835,316
Machinery (except electrical).....	49	1,619	7,922,204	7,691,313	12,432,773	20,926,759
Transportation equipment.....	125	4,433	21,428,216	19,250,643	33,906,298	53,468,404
Electrical products.....	33	1,028	4,590,720	9,132,905	8,337,666	17,419,196
Non-metallic mineral products....	117	1,832	9,012,412	11,977,470	17,520,832	32,224,249
Petroleum and coal products.....	11	1,360	8,330,833	82,718,605	26,141,972	112,638,455
Chemicals and chemical products.	100	2,517	11,996,249	31,836,964	40,689,226	71,861,311
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries.....	164	1,261	5,206,485	4,925,563	7,927,058	12,839,255
<b>Yukon and Northwest Territories</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>681,246</b>	<b>2,600,056</b>	<b>707,985</b>	<b>3,434,135</b>
Foods and beverages.....	5	16	54,217	78,296	128,713	218,545
Wood.....	4	42	150,887	249,668	226,479	475,851
Printing, publishing and allied industries.....	1	1	1	1	1	1
Petroleum and coal products.....	1	1	1	1	1	1
All other groups.....	4	80	476,142	2,272,092	352,793	2,739,739

<sup>1</sup> Confidential; included under "All other groups".

## Section 2.—Manufacturing Industries in Urban Centres

Table 2 indicates the extent to which the manufacturing industries are concentrated in urban centres and shows, by province, the proportion of the selling value of factory shipments contributed by cities and towns having shipments of over \$1,000,000 each. In the more highly industrialized provinces of Ontario and Quebec such cities and towns accounted for 80 p.c. and 94 p.c., respectively, of the total manufactures of those provinces in 1960, compared with 82 p.c. and 94 p.c., respectively, in 1959. In the Atlantic Provinces and British Columbia, where sawmilling, fish products and dairying are leading industries, the proportions were 69 p.c. and 47 p.c., respectively in 1960, showing little change compared with the previous year. In the Prairie Provinces, manufacturing is confined largely to a few urban centres. Although there has been some recent tendency to establish new industry